CHEROKEE NATION Environmental Programs



Asbestos Sampling Report

PARTICIPANT: Pair, Eddie

PREPARED BY:

DATE: 10.23.27

CHRISTOPHER COCHRAN ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNICIAN

REQUESTED BY: CHEROKEE NATION HOUSING REHABILITATION (HUD) –
GEORGE HUBBARD

I. Site Inspection/Description

Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs (CNEP) has conducted asbestos sampling for the presence of asbestos containing materials (ACM) for the following site:

Site Name: Eddie Pair

Address: 9877 US Hwy 412 Twin Oaks, OK 74368

Phone 918-226-1461

Lat/Long N36.20493, W094.84637

The sampling was performed to determine the presence of all ACM from within the affected parts of the structure for EPA's National Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) compliance as well as OSHA worker protection.

The inspector responsible for this project was: Christopher Cochran ODOL, AHERA Inspector, License No: 401244

The sampling was conducted on October 10th, 2023 at the request of the Cherokee Nation Housing Rehabilitation Department.

The site is a single family home built in 1960. Sampling was limited to areas that would be affected by the project scope of work (Appendix A) provided by the rehabilitation department.

ACM was found at the last visit to the home.

II. BACKGROUND

The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) has adopted EPA's NESHAP regulation under OAC252:100, 41-15 and has been delegated authority in the state of Oklahoma for its enforcement. Section 61.145(a) of Federal EPA regulation states that prior to commencement of the demolition or renovation of a facility a thorough inspection of the affected part or parts of a facility is required to determine the presence of all asbestos including Category I and Category II non-friable, and friable ACM. ACM is defined by EPA and OSHA as any material that contains greater than 1% asbestos.

III. FIELD PROCEDURES AND ANALYTICAL METHODS

During the on-site inspection, we visually assessed the physical characteristics of suspect asbestos-containing materials (SACM) based on homogeneous areas. Homogeneous areas are areas of asbestos similar in color, texture, and construction, date of application, and in general appearance. For purposes of renovation and demolition, homogeneous areas of SACM can be further classified according to NESHAPs rules by whether the material is friable, Category I non-friable, or Category II non-friable.

<u>Friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM), that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

<u>Category I Non-friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any asbestos-containing packings, gaskets, construction mastics, resilient floor covering (i.e. floor tiles, roll sheet flooring) or asphalt roofing products that contain more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM.

Category II Non-friable ACM is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Typically, non-friable materials, such as transite (cementious products) and vinyl floor tiles are not regulated by the State of Oklahoma provided they do not become friable. General deterioration, machine grinding, drilling, sanding, and dry-buffing are all ways of causing non-friable materials to become classified as Regulated Asbestos Containing Materials (RACM). All friable materials are classified RACM. Please note that the following materials, even though classified as non-friable are fully regulated by Oklahoma Department of Labor for removal purposes as friable material: ceiling tiles, roll sheet flooring (linoleum), and joint wall compound when deemed friable

In addition to classification of suspect material into friable and non-friable materials, a determination of current condition was conducted as part of the physical assessment. The condition noted is the representative of the material at the time of inspection. Conditions of materials can change very quickly when disturbed. All suspect material was placed in one of the following categories of condition.

<u>Significantly damaged</u>: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained over at least 10% of its total area.

<u>Damaged</u>: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained less than 10% of its total area.

Good: Material that has no visible damage or deterioration.

Guidelines used for the number of samples collected per homogeneous area were determined using the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) protocol promulgated in 40 CFR 763, Appendix E as follows:

Surfacing materials – material that is sprayed or troweled on wall, ceilings, or support columns for fireproofing, acoustical, or even decorative purpose.

- Less than 1000 ft2 Minimum 3 samples
- From 1000-5000 ft2 Minimum 5 samples
- Greater than 5000 ft2 Minimum 7 samples

Thermal System Insulation(TSI) materials – thermal system insulation material applied to tanks, boiler, pipes or other structural component for an insulating purpose.

- May omit areas of fibrous glass, foam glass, rubber, and Styrofoam form sampling.
 Areas that have mastic on seams or outer jacketing will be sampled.
- At least three samples must be collected from each homogeneous area of TSI.
- Plus an additional sample from each patched area of less than 6 linear feet.
- Fittings require a sufficient amount to determine positive or negative nature.
- Inspector will first collect samples from damaged areas, exposed ends, or areas missing jacketing first.

Miscellaneous materials – all other material that are not thermal system insulation or surfacing materials. This includes gaskets, packings, joint wall compound, cementious asbestos materials, ceiling tiles resilient flooring materials, construction mastics, etc..

- May assume and document as such
- A sufficient amount of samples to determine negative or positive nature. A minimum
 or one per suspect homogeneous area.
- Collect samples from inconspicuous locations.
- Material such as cementious asbestos or vibration dampening cloths should not be sampled and will be assumed ACM unless instructed by client to collect these samples.

Bulk samples of suspect ACM were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Methods 600R-93/116. All samples were sent to a NVLAP accredited laboratory for analysis. Quantem Laboratories (NVLAP # 101959-0) in Oklahoma City, OK analyzed the samples. A copy of the full laboratory report and chain of custody can be found in Appendix B.

IV. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A total of 28 samples were analyzed from 8 homogeneous area due to multi-layers of material within some homogeneous sample areas. Photographs of all ACM can be found in Appendix C. All accessible and observable areas within the renovation area were sampled for ACM. Samples were not taken of suspect materials that may have placed the inspector at risk of injury (i.e. electrical panel boxes). Any suspect ACM that have not been tested and/or found positive for asbestos must be assumed ACM until they are analyzed. Upon review of laboratory analysis, the following asbestos containing materials can be found in Table 1. All suspect ACM samples that were analyzed and did not contain asbestos can be found in Table 2.

Sample #	Material Description	Locations	Friability (Friable, NF Cat I NF Cat II)	Condition	Sample Results (% Asbestos)
07-01	White Siding	Exterior	NF Cat II	Damaged	15% Chrysotile

Sampl e #	Material Description	Locations	Condition	Sample Results (% Asbestos)
01-01 01-02 01-03	White Ceiling Texture/Joint Wall Compound	Living Room	Damaged	Not Present
02-01 02-02 02-03	White Ceiling Texture/Joint Wall Compound	Kitchen	Damaged	Not Present
03-01 03-02 03-03	White Ceiling Texture/Joint Wall Compound	Bed Room	Damaged	Not Present
04-01	Brown Vinyl Floor Tile/Mastic	Kitchen	Damaged	Not Present
05-01	Tan Vinyl Floor Tile/Mastic	Bath Room	Damaged	Not Present
06-01	Whtie Dry Wall	Through Out	Damaged	Not Present
08-01	Gray Shingle	Roof	Damaged	Not Present

V. CONCLUSIONS

Asbestos is not always an immediate hazard. Intact and undisturbed ACM does not pose a health risk. They may, however become a health hazard if they are damaged, disturbed, or deteriorate over time and release fibers into the air. There are no federal, state, or Tribal laws mandating asbestos removal. It is only when the material can no longer be maintained in good condition and/or airborne concentrations of asbestos are measured and found to be above a permissible exposure limit (PEL), or when the building is to be demolished or renovated, that removal may become necessary. Any renovation/demolition work which may impact these positive materials should be conducted in accordance with all applicable Federal, state, and local regulations.



2033 HERITAGE PARK DR, OKLAHOMA CITY, OK 73120 | 1.800.822.1650

Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 362941

Account Number: C162

Date Received:

10/05/2023

Received By:

Baylie Longstreth

Date Analyzed:

10/06/2023

Analyzed By: Methodology: Benjamin Hill

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Chris Cochran

PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project: Eddie Pair

Project Location: Twin Oaks

Project Number: N/A

and a display	LI AJOOO	137110	Project Num	iber: N/A			
QuanTEM Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Composition	Color / Description	Asbestos (%)	Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)		Non Fibrous
001	01-01	Layered	White Ceiling Texture	Asbestos Not Present	Wollastonite	3	CaCO3
001a		Layered	Tan Sheetrock	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose Glass Fiber	10	Gypsum
			Sheedock		Glass Fiber	2	
002	01-02	Layered	White	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose	3	CaCO3
			Ceiling Texture				Paint
002a		Layered	White	Asbestos Not Present	NA		CaCO3
			Joint Compound				Cacos
002ь		Layered	Tan				
		Layered	Sheetrock	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose Glass Fiber	10	Gypsum
003	01-03	Layered	White Cailing Touture	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose	3	CaCO3
			Ceiling Texture				Paint
003a		Layered	Tan	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose	10	0
			Sheetrock	resources from rescalt	Glass Fiber	10	Gypsum

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis.

QuanTEM is a NVLAP accredited Testing PLM laboratory (Lab Code: 101959-0). This report relates only to the specific items tested. NVLAP accreditation applies only to analysis performed utilizing EPA—40 CFR Appendix E to Subpart E of Part 763 and EPA/600/R-93/116 methods.

This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. This report may not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.



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Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 362941

Account Number:

C162

Date Received:

10/05/2023

Received By: Date Analyzed:

Baylie Longstreth

Analyzed By:

10/06/2023

Methodology:

QuanTEM

Sample ID

004

Benjamin Hill

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Chris Cochran PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project: Eddie Pair

Project Location: Twin Oaks

Project Number: N/A

Client Sample ID

02-01

Composition

Layered

Color / Description

White

Ceiling Texture

White

Sheetrock

White

Ceiling Texture

Asbestos (%)

Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)

NA

Cellulose

NA

Non Fibrous

Paint

10 Gypsum

Paint

004a Layered

02-02

Layered

Layered

White Sheetrock Asbestos Not Present

Asbestos Not Present

Asbestos Not Present

Asbestos Not Present

Cellulose

10 Gypsum

006

005

005a

02-03

Layered

White Ceiling Texture

Asbestos Not Present

NA

Paint

006a

Layered

White Sheetrock

Asbestos Not Present

Cellulose

10 Gypsum

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10/05/2023

Received By:

Baylie Longstreth

Date Analyzed:

10/06/2023

Analyzed By: Methodology: Benjamin Hill

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Chris Cochran PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project: Eddie Pair

Project Location: Twin Oaks

Project Number: N/A

Non Fibrous

QuanTEM Client Color / Non-Asbestos Sample ID Sample ID Composition Description Asbestos (%) Fiber (%) 007 03-01 Layered White Asbestos Not Present NA Paint Ceiling Texture 007a Layered White Asbestos Not Present Cellulose Gypsum Sheetrock 008 03-02 Layered White Asbestos Not Present NA Paint Ceiling Texture 008a Layered White Asbestos Not Present Cellulose Gypsum Sheetrock 009 03-03 Layered White Asbestos Not Present NA Paint Ceiling Texture 009a Layered White Asbestos Not Present Cellulose Gypsum 10 Sheetrock 010 04-01 Layered Brown Asbestos Not Present Synthetic CaCO3 Floor Tile Vinyl

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Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

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Received By:

Baylie Longstreth

Date Analyzed: Analyzed By:

10/06/2023

Methodology:

Benjamin Hill

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Chris Cochran PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project: Eddie Pair

Project Location: Twin Oaks

Project Number: N/A

		0.11 75/110	Project Nu	mber: N/A		
QuanTEM Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Composition	Color / Description	Asbestos (%)	Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)	Non Fibrous
010a		Layered	Yellow Mastic	Asbestos Not Present	NA	Glue
011	05-01	Layered	Tan Floor Tile	Asbestos Not Present	Synthetic 3	CaCO3 Vinyl
011a		Layered	Yellow Mastic	Asbestos Not Present	NA	Glue
012	06-01	Layered	Tan Texture	Asbestos Not Present	NA	Paint
012a		Layered	White Sheetrock	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose 10	Gypsum
013	07-01	Homogeneous	White/Gray Siding	Asbestos Present Chrysotile 15	NA	CaCO3 Sand

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis.

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Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 362941

Account Number:

C162

Date Received:

10/05/2023

Received By:

Baylie Longstreth

Date Analyzed: Analyzed By:

10/06/2023

Benjamin Hill

Methodology:

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Chris Cochran PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project: Eddie Pair

Project Location: Twin Oaks

Project Number: N/A

QuanTEM Sample ID Client

Sample ID

Composition

Color / Description

Asbestos (%)

Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)

Non Fibrous

014

08-01

Homogeneous

Gray

Shingle

Asbestos Not Present

Cellulose

Tar Sand

Benjamin Hill

Benjamin Hill, Assistant Laboratory Manager

10/6/2023

Date of Report



ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Page 1 of

2033 Heritage Park Drive, Okiaho

Company		E	Contact information	3			Project Information
	1	non		Phone: (918)	(918) 453-5009 Proj	Project Name: EC	Eddie Pair
CONTRACE	1	Cochran		Cell Phone: (918) 316-7452	-	ă	Twin Oaks
S MINOCOL S	100			E-mail: Christopher-cochan@cherokee.org	-	Project ID:	
SAMP	SAMPLED BY: Name Chr	Name Christopher Cochran	ochran	Date: 10/03/2023	-		280360
	RELING	RELINQUISHED BY		DATE & TIME		4	
	Chris	Chris Cochran		TOTAL OF TIME	2 VIA		RECEIVED BY
				10/04/2023	redex		B 52
	PLM		2	REQUESTED SE	REQUESTED SERVICES (Please I the Appropriate Boxes)	☑ the Appro	priate Boxes)
≤	Bulk Analysis (EPA 600/R-93/116)	93/116)	Vermiculite Artic In		TEM		TEM
	400 Point Count		(EPA 600/R-04/004)		AIT- AHERA		Bulk- Presence / Absence EPA600/R-93/116
<u>_</u>	1000 Point Count		Other		AIF-NIOSH 7402		Bulk- Quantitative [weight%]- Chatfield
6	Gravimetric Preparation		PCM		AIF-ISO 10312		Dust-Presence / Absence
P	Particle ID		- CM		Orinking Water- EPA 100.2	2.00	Dust-Quantitative [fibers/sq.cm]- ASTM D5755
No.	Sample ID	3 5 5	NIOSH 7400		Waste Water- EPA 600/4-83-043	4-83-043	Other
	(10 Characters Max)	Analyzed	Color		Description		Volume / Area
_	01-01-01-03	<	White	Cailing To			
2	02-01-02-03	S	White	Ceiling Te	Ceiling Texture/Joint Wall Compound	Compound	
w	03-01-03-03	S	White	Ceiling Te	Ceiling Texture/ Icint Wall Compound	Compound	-
4	04-01	3	Brown	Vin	Viny Floor Till Wall Compound	Compound	-
5	05-01	9	Tan	11.4	VIII TOOL THE /MASTIC	asuc	Kitchen
2	08.01	3 [5	idil	Vin	Vinyl Floor Tile /Mastic	astic	Bath Room
	00-01		White		Dry Wall	energi anciani signi esperante primar n'in di de parincipi de	Through Out
-		S	White		Siding		T. 4
00	10-70	<	Grav		St		Exterior
	08-01				Shingle		Roof
4	08-01						