CHEROKEE NATION Environmental Programs



Asbestos Sampling Report

PREPARED BY: Logan Girty DATE: 11/14/2025

LOGAN GIRTY. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALIST

REQUESTED BY: HACN HOUSING REHABILITATION –
JAMIE WALTERS

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I. Site Inspection/Description

Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs (CNEP) has conducted asbestos sampling for the presence of asbestos containing materials (ACM) for the following site:

21803 S 486 Rd, Tahlequah, OK 74464

918-570-6009

Coordinates: 35.8571 / -95.0251

The sampling was performed to determine the presence of all ACM from within the affected parts of the structure for EPA's National Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) compliance as well as OSHA worker protection.

The inspector responsible for this project was:

Logan Girty, AHERA Inspector

The sampling was conducted on October 31, 2025 at the request of the Cherokee Nation Housing Rehabilitation Department.

The site is a single family home built in 1978. Sampling was limited to areas that would be affected by the project scope of work (Appendix A) provided by the housing rehabilitation department.

ACM was found at this site. See Section IV for locations.

II. BACKGROUND

The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) has adopted EPA's NESHAP regulation under OAC252:100, 41-15 and has been delegated authority in the state of Oklahoma for its enforcement. Section 61.145(a) of Federal EPA regulation states that prior to commencement of the demolition or renovation of a facility a thorough inspection of the affected part or parts of a facility is required to determine the presence of all asbestos including Category I and Category II non-friable, and friable ACM. ACM is defined by EPA and OSHA as any material that contains greater than 1% asbestos.

III. FIELD PROCEDURES AND ANALYTICAL METHODS

During the on-site inspection, we visually assessed the physical characteristics of suspect asbestos-containing materials (SACM) based on homogeneous areas. Homogeneous areas are areas of asbestos similar in color, texture, and construction, date of application, and in general

appearance. For purposes of renovation and demolition, homogeneous areas of SACM can be further classified according to NESHAPs rules by whether the material is friable, Category I non-friable, or Category II non-friable.

<u>Friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM), that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

<u>Category I Non-friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any asbestos-containing packings, gaskets, construction mastics, resilient floor covering (i.e. floor tiles, roll sheet flooring) or asphalt roofing products that contain more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM.

<u>Category II Non-friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Typically, non-friable materials, such as transite (cementious products) and vinyl floor tiles are not regulated by the State of Oklahoma provided they do not become friable. General deterioration, machine grinding, drilling, sanding, and dry-buffing are all ways of causing non-friable materials to become classified as Regulated Asbestos Containing Materials (RACM). All friable materials are classified RACM. Please note that the following materials, even though classified as non-friable are fully regulated by Oklahoma Department of Labor for removal purposes as friable material: ceiling tiles, roll sheet flooring (linoleum), and joint wall compound when deemed friable

In addition to classification of suspect material into friable and non-friable materials, a determination of current condition was conducted as part of the physical assessment. The condition noted is the representative of the material at the time of inspection. Conditions of materials can change very quickly when disturbed. All suspect material was placed in one of the following categories of condition.

Significantly damaged: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained over at least 10% of its total area.

<u>Damaged</u>: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained less than 10% of its total area.

Good: Material that has no visible damage or deterioration.

Guidelines used for the number of samples collected per homogeneous area were determined using the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) protocol promulgated in 40 CFR 763, Appendix E as follows:

Surfacing materials – material that is sprayed or troweled on wall, ceilings, or support columns for fireproofing, acoustical, or even decorative purpose.

- Less than 1000 ft2 Minimum 3 samples
- From 1000-5000 ft2 Minimum 5 samples
- Greater than 5000 ft2 Minimum 7 samples

Thermal System Insulation (TSI) materials – thermal system insulation material applied to tanks, boiler, pipes or other structural component for an insulating purpose.

- May omit areas of fibrous glass, foam glass, rubber, and Styrofoam form sampling. Areas that have mastic on seams or outer jacketing will be sampled.
- At least three samples must be collected from each homogeneous area of TSI.
- Plus an additional sample from each patched area of less than 6 linear feet.
- Fittings require a sufficient amount to determine positive or negative nature.
- Inspector will first collect samples from damaged areas, exposed ends, or areas missing jacketing first.

Miscellaneous materials – all other material that are not thermal system insulation or surfacing materials. This includes gaskets, packings, joint wall compound, cementious asbestos materials, ceiling tiles resilient flooring materials, construction mastics, etc..

- · May assume and document as such
- A sufficient amount of samples to determine negative or positive nature. A minimum or one per suspect homogeneous area.
- Collect samples from inconspicuous locations.
- Material such as cementious asbestos or vibration dampening cloths should not be sampled and will be assumed ACM unless instructed by client to collect these samples.

Bulk samples of suspect ACM were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Methods 600R-93/116. All samples were sent to a NVLAP accredited laboratory for analysis. QuanTEM Laboratories, LLC (NVLAP # 101959-0) in Oklahoma City, OK analyzed the samples. A copy of the full laboratory report and chain of custody can be found in Appendix B.

IV. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A total of 16 samples were analyzed from 6 homogeneous area due to multi-layers of material within some homogeneous sample areas. All accessible and observable areas within the renovation area were sampled for ACM. Samples were not taken of suspect materials that may have placed the inspector at risk of injury (i.e. electrical panel boxes). Any suspect ACM that have not been tested and/or found positive for asbestos must be assumed ACM until they are analyzed. Upon review of laboratory analysis, the following asbestos containing materials can be found in Table 1. All suspect ACM samples that were analyzed and did not contain asbestos can be found in Table 2.

04-01 Roll Sheet Vinyl Floor Bath 2 NF Cat I Damaged 15	% Chrysotile

Sample #	Material Description	Locations	Condition	Sample Results (% Asbestos)
01-01 01-02 01-03	Popcorn Ceiling Texture	Bath 1&2	Damaged	Asbestos Not Present
02-01	Roll Sheet Vinyl Floor	Bath 1	Damaged	Asbestos Not Present
03-01	Roll Sheet Vinyl Floor	Kitchen	Damaged	Asbestos Not Present
05-01 05-02 05-03	Drywall Texture	Bath 1	Damaged	Asbestos Not Present
06-01	Shingle	Roof	Damaged	Asbestos Not Present

V. CONCLUSIONS

Asbestos is not always an immediate hazard. Intact and undisturbed ACM does not pose a health risk. They may, however become a health hazard if they are damaged, disturbed, or deteriorate over time and release fibers into the air. There are no federal, state, or Tribal laws mandating asbestos removal. It is only when the material can no longer be maintained in good condition and/or airborne concentrations of asbestos are measured and found to be above a permissible exposure limit (PEL), or when the building is to be demolished or renovated, that removal may become necessary. Any renovation/demolition work which may impact these positive materials should be conducted in accordance with all applicable Federal, state, and local regulations.



7021 W. Wilshire Blvd, Ste. B / Oklahoma City, OK 73132 / 405-755-7272

Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 384517

Account Number:

C162

Date Received:

11/04/2025

Received By:

Charlie Johnson

Date Analyzed: Analyzed By:

11/05/2025

Methodology:

Cassie Sanborn

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Logan Girty

PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project Location: Tahlequah Project Number: NA

QuanTEM Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Composition	Color / Description	Asbestos (%)	Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)		Non Fibrous
001	01-01	Homogeneous	White Ceiling Texture	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose	5	CaCO3 Foam Paint
002	01-02	Homogeneous	White Ceiling Texture	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose	5	CaCO3 Foam Paint
003	01-03	Homogeneous	White Ceiling Texture	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose	5	CaCO3 Foam Paint
004	02-01	Layered	White Sheet Vinyl	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose Glass Fiber	10 5	CaCO3 Vinyl
004a		Layered	Yellow Mastic	Asbestos Not Present	NA		Glue
005	03-01	Homogeneous	Yellow Sheet Vinyl	Asbestos Not Present	NA		CaCO3 Foam Vinyl

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis. QuanTEM is a NVLAP accredited Testing PLM laboratory (Lab Code: 101959-0). This report relates only to the specific items tested. NVLAP accreditation applies only to analysis performed utilizing EPA-40 CFR Appendix E to Subpart E of Part 763, Interim Method of the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples; and EPA/600/R-93/116: Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. This report may not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. If submitted samples are inhomogeneous in nature, then subsamples of the components will be analyzed separately. Samples determined to contain asbestos fibers, will have the following acceptable error ranges (1% = 0-3%, 5% = 1-9%, 10% = 5-15%, 20% = 10-30%, 50% = 40-60%, etc.) as specified per EPA Method 600/R-93/116, Table 2-1.



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QuanTEM Lab No. 384517

Account Number:

C162

Date Received: Received By:

11/04/2025

Charlie Johnson

Date Analyzed: Analyzed By:

11/05/2025

Methodology:

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Logan Girty

PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Cassie Sanborn Project Location: Tahlequah Project Number: NA

QuanTEM Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Composition	Color / Description	Asbestos (%)	Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)	Non Fibrous
006	04-01	Homogeneous	Tan Sheet Vinyl	Asbestos Present Chrysotile 15	Cellulose 5	CaCO3 Vinyl
007	05-01	Layered	White Texture	Asbestos Not Present	NA	CaCO3 Paint
007a		Layered	White Drywall	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose 10	Gypsum
008	05-02	Layered	White Texture	Asbestos Not Present	NA	CaCO3 Paint
008a		Layered	White Drywall	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose 10	Gypsum
009	05-03	Layered	White Texture	Asbestos Not Present	NA	CaCO3 Paint
009a		Layered	White Joint Compound	Asbestos Not Present	NA	CaCO3

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Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 384517

Account Number:

C162

Date Received:

11/04/2025

Received By:

Charlie Johnson

Date Analyzed:

11/05/2025

Analyzed By: Methodology: Cassie Sanborn

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Logan Girty

PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project Location: Tahlequah Project Number: NA

QuanTEM Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Composition	Color / Description	Asbestos (%)	Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)		Non Fibrous
009ь		Layered	White Drywall	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose	10	Gypsum
010	06-01	Layered	Brown Shingle	Asbestos Not Present	Glass Fiber	20	Tar Sand CaCO3
010a		Layered	Black Tar	Asbestos Not Present	NA		Tar

Cassie Sanboy 11/5/2025 Cassie Sanborn, Laboratory Analyst Date of Report

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ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Page 1 of 1

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	(800) 822-1650 • (405) 755-7272	(800) 822-1650 • (405) 755-7272	For Lab Use Only
L A B O R A T O R I E S www.QuanTEM.com	LEGAL DOCUMENT	EGAL DOCUMENT - PLEASE PRINT LEGIBLY	Lab No. 777-151/ Accept Reject
Contact Information		Project Information	Report Results (☑ one box)
Company: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs	Phone: (918) 453-6140		QuanTEM Website
Contact Logan Girty	Cell Phone: (918) 772-8346	Project Location: Tahlequah	Email logan-girty@cherokee.org
Account #: C 162	E-mail: logan-girty@cherokee.org Project ID:	Project ID:	Other
SAMPLED BY: Name: Logan Girty	Date: 10/31/2025	P.O. Number: 916621	
RELINQUISHED BY	DATE & TIME	VIA RECEIVED BY	DATE & TIME
yran E. 147	11/3/2025 @ 9AM Fe	FedEx	066 Salm 11

2	PLM		PLM		TEM		TEM	V	TURN	TURNAROUND TIME
	Bulk Analysis **		Vermiculite Attic Insulation	ation	Air-AHERA		Bulk- Presence / Absence EPA600/R-93/116	EPA600/R-93/116		Rush
	400 Point Count	J L	Other		Air-NIOSH 7402		Bulk- Quantitative [weight%]- Chatfield	t%]- Chatfield	S	Same Day
	1000 Point Count				Air-ISO 10312		Dust- Presence / Absence			24 - Hour
	Gravimetric Preparation		PCM		Drinking Water-EPA 100.2	<u>ā</u>	Dust- Quantitative [fibers/sq.cm]- ASTM DS755	/sq.cm]- ASTM D5755	<u>~</u>	3 - Day
	Particle ID		NIOSH 7400		Waste Water- EPA 600/4-83-043	ŏ	Other			5 - Day
No.	Sample ID (10 Characters Max)	☑ To Be Analyzed	Color		Description		Volume / Area (as applicable)	Commer	Comments / Notes	es
	01-01	>	White		Popcorn Ceiling Texture			Bath	Bath 1 & 2	
	01-02	>	White		Popcorn Ceiling Texture			Bath	Bath 1 & 2	
	01-03	>	White		Popcorn Ceiling Texture			Bath	Bath 1 & 2	
	02-01	>	White/Specks		Roll Sheet Vinyl Flooring			Ba	Bath 1	
	03-01	>	Yellow		Roll Sheet Vinyl Flooring			Kit	Kitchen	
	04-01	>	Tan/Brown		Roll Sheet Vinyl Flooring			Ba	Bath 2	
	05-01	>	Blue		Drywall Texture			Ba	Bath 1	
	05-926-01-05R	>	Black/Brown		Shingle			2	Roof	
	7 05-03									
10	10-90 53									

SATURDAY FEDEX SAMPLE DELIVERY - CALL TO SCHEDULE • Use this address for Saturday Delivery only: 4220 N. Santa Fe Ave., Oklahoma City, OK 73105-8517 • Mark Package "Hold for Saturday Pickup" Please Note - UPS and USPS are NOT available for Saturday **PLM Bulk Analysis (EPA 40-CFR Appendix E to Subpart E of Part 763 and EPA 600/R-93/116 Methods)