CHEROKEE NATION Environmental Programs



Asbestos Sampling Report

PARTICIPANT: Smith, Alan

PREPARED BY:

DATE: 6-5-24

CHRISTOPHER COCHRAN ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNICIAN

REQUESTED BY: Housing Rehab Program, Jamie Walters

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- I. SITE INSPECTION/DESCRIPTION
- II. BACKGROUND
- III. FIELD PROCEDURES AND ANALYTICAL METHODS
- IV. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
- V. CONCLUSIONS

APPENDIX A: PROJECT SCOPE OF WORK

APPENDIX B: LABORATORY REPORT & CHAIN OF CUSTODY

I. Site Inspection/Description

Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs (CNEP) has conducted asbestos sampling for the presence of asbestos containing materials (ACM) for the following site:

Site Name: Alan Smith

Address: 19346 E Horseshoe Bend Rd Park Hill, OK 74451

Phone 909-841-5556

Lat/Long N35,80628 W094.96139

The sampling was performed to determine the presence of all ACM from within the affected parts of the structure for EPA's National Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) compliance as well as OSHA worker protection.

The inspector responsible for this project was: Christopher Cochran AHERA Inspector.

The sampling was conducted on May 29th, 2024, at the request Housing Authority of the Cherokee Nation.

The site is a single-family home built in 1975. Sampling was limited to areas that would be affected by the project scope of work (Appendix A) provided by the rehabilitation department.

ACM was found at the last visit to the home.

II. BACKGROUND

The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) has adopted EPA's NESHAP regulation under OAC252:100, 41-15 and has been delegated authority in the state of Oklahoma for its enforcement. Section 61.145(a) of Federal EPA regulation states that prior to commencement of the demolition or renovation of a facility a thorough inspection of the affected part or parts of a facility is required to determine the presence of all asbestos including Category I and Category II non-friable, and friable ACM. ACM is defined by EPA and OSHA as any material that contains greater than 1% asbestos.

III. FIELD PROCEDURES AND ANALYTICAL METHODS

During the on-site inspection, we visually assessed the physical characteristics of suspect asbestos-containing materials (SACM) based on homogeneous areas. Homogeneous areas are areas of asbestos similar in color, texture, and construction, date of application, and in general appearance. For purposes of renovation and demolition, homogeneous areas of SACM can be further classified according to NESHAPs rules by whether the material is friable, Category I non-friable, or Category II non-friable.

<u>Friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM), that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

<u>Category I Non-friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any asbestos-containing packings, gaskets, construction mastics, resilient floor covering (i.e. floor tiles, roll sheet flooring) or asphalt roofing products that contain more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM.

<u>Category II Non-friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Typically, non-friable materials, such as transite (cementious products) and vinyl floor tiles are not regulated by the State of Oklahoma provided they do not become friable. General deterioration, machine grinding, drilling, sanding, and dry-buffing are all ways of causing non-friable materials to become classified as Regulated Asbestos Containing Materials (RACM). All friable materials are classified RACM. Please note that the following materials, even though classified as non-friable are fully regulated by Oklahoma Department of Labor for removal purposes as friable material: ceiling tiles, roll sheet flooring (linoleum), and joint wall compound when deemed friable

In addition to classification of suspect material into friable and non-friable materials, a determination of current condition was conducted as part of the physical assessment. The condition noted is the representative of the material at the time of inspection. Conditions of materials can change very quickly when disturbed. All suspect material was placed in one of the following categories of condition.

Significantly damaged: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained over at least 10% of its total area.

<u>Damaged</u>: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained less than 10% of its total area.

Good: Material that has no visible damage or deterioration.

Guidelines used for the number of samples collected per homogeneous area were determined using the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) protocol promulgated in 40 CFR 763, Appendix E as follows:

Surfacing materials – material that is sprayed or troweled on wall, ceilings, or support columns for fireproofing, acoustical, or even decorative purpose.

- Less than 1000 ft2 Minimum 3 samples
- From 1000-5000 ft2 Minimum 5 samples
- Greater than 5000 ft2 Minimum 7 samples

Thermal System Insulation(TSI) materials – thermal system insulation material applied to tanks, boiler, pipes or other structural component for an insulating purpose.

- May omit areas of fibrous glass, foam glass, rubber, and Styrofoam form sampling. Areas that have mastic on seams or outer jacketing will be sampled.
- At least three samples must be collected from each homogeneous area of TSI.
- Plus an additional sample from each patched area of less than 6 linear feet.
- Fittings require a sufficient amount to determine positive or negative nature.
- Inspector will first collect samples from damaged areas, exposed ends, or areas missing jacketing first.

Miscellaneous materials – all other material that are not thermal system insulation or surfacing materials. This includes gaskets, packings, joint wall compound, cementious asbestos materials, ceiling tiles resilient flooring materials, construction mastics, etc..

- May assume and document as such
- A sufficient amount of samples to determine negative or positive nature. A minimum or one per suspect homogeneous area.
- Collect samples from inconspicuous locations.
- Material such as cementious asbestos or vibration dampening cloths should not be sampled and will be assumed ACM unless instructed by client to collect these samples.

Bulk samples of suspect ACM were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Methods 600R-93/116. All samples were sent to a NVLAP accredited laboratory for analysis. Quantem Laboratories (NVLAP # 101959-0) in Oklahoma City, OK analyzed the samples. A copy of the full laboratory report and chain of custody can be found in Appendix B.

IV. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A total of 13 samples were analyzed from 2 homogeneous area due to multi-layers of material within some homogeneous sample areas. Pink and yellow insulation were not sampled at the site based on the inspector's visual assessment which deemed it to be fiberglass. All accessible and observable areas within the renovation area were sampled for ACM. Samples were not taken of suspect materials that may have placed the inspector at risk of injury (i.e. electrical panel boxes). Any suspect ACM that have not been tested and/or found positive for asbestos must be assumed ACM until they are analyzed. Upon review of laboratory analysis, the following asbestos containing materials can be found in Table 1. All suspect ACM samples that were analyzed and did not contain asbestos can be found in Table 2.

Table 1.	Asbestos Containing Materials			•	
Sample #	Material Description	Locations	Friability (Friable, NF Cat I NF Cat II)	Condition	Sample Results (% Asbestos)
01-01 01-02 01-03 01-04 01-05 01-06 01-07	White Wall Texture/Joint Wall Compound	Through Out	Friable	Damaged	2% Chrysotile

Table 2.	Non – Asbestos Containing M	aterials		
Sampl e #	Material Description	Locations	Condition	Sample Results (% Asbestos)
02-01	White Shower Tile	Bathroom	Damaged	Not Present

	and the second s			

V. CONCLUSIONS

Asbestos is not always an immediate hazard. Intact and undisturbed ACM does not pose a health risk. They may, however become a health hazard if they are damaged, disturbed, or deteriorate over time and release fibers into the air. There are no federal, state, or Tribal laws mandating asbestos removal. It is only when the material can no longer be maintained in good condition and/or airborne concentrations of asbestos are measured and found to be above a permissible exposure limit (PEL), or when the building is to be demolished or renovated, that removal may become necessary. Any renovation/demolition work which may impact these positive materials should be conducted in accordance with all applicable Federal, state, and local regulations.



2033 HERITAGE PARK DR, OKLAHOMA CITY, OK 73120 1.800.822.1650

Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 369446

Account Number:

C162

Date Received:

05/31/2024

Received By:

Courtney Holman

Date Analyzed:

Analyzed By:

06/03/2024

Methodology:

Benjamin Hill

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Chris Cochran

PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project: Alan Smith

Project Location: Parkhill

Project Number: N/A

QuanTEM Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Composition	Color / Description	Asbestos (%)		Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)		Non Fibrous
001	01-01	Homogeneous	White Wall Texture	Asbestos Present Chrysotile	2	NA		CaCO3 Gypsum Paint
002	01-02	Layered	White Wall Texture	Asbestos Present Chrysotile	2	NA		CaCO3 Gypsum Paint
002a		Layered	White Sheetrock	Asbestos Not Present		Cellulose	10	Gypsum
003	01-03	Layered	White Wall Texture	Asbestos Present Chrysotile	2	NA		CaCO3 Paint
003a		Layered	White Sheetrock	Asbestos Not Present		Cellulose	10	Gypsum
004	01-04	Homogeneous	White Wall Texture	Asbestos Present Chrysotile	2	NA		CaCO3 Gypsum Paint

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis.

QuanTEM is a NVLAP accredited Testing PLM laboratory (Lab Code: 101959-0). This report relates only to the specific items tested. NVLAP accreditation applies only to analysis performed utilizing EPA-40 CFR Appendix E to Subpart E of Part 763 and EPA/600/R-93/116 methods. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. This report may not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.



2033 HERITAGE PARK DR, OKLAHOMA CITY, OK 73120 1.800.822.1650

Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 369446

Account Number:

C162

Date Received:

05/31/2024

Received By:

Courtney Holman

Date Analyzed:

06/03/2024

Analyzed By:

Methodology:

QuanTEM

Sample ID

005

Benjamin Hill

Client

Sample ID

01-05

EPA/600/R-93/116

Composition

Layered

Layered

Layered

Layered

Homogeneous

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Chris Cochran

PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project: Alan Smith

Project Location: Parkhill

Project Number: N/A

Color / Description

White

Wall Texture

White

Sheetrock

White

Wall Texture

White

Sheetrock

White

Asbestos (%)

Asbestos Not Present

Asbestos Present

Asbestos Not Present

Asbestos Present

Asbestos Not Present

Asbestos Not Present

Chrysotile

Chrysotile

Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)

Cellulose

NA

NA

NA

Non Fibrous

005a

01-07

006 01-06

006a

007

008 02-01

008a

Layered

Layered

Wall Texture

White Ceramic Tile

> White Grout

Asbestos Present

Chrysotile 2

2

2

NA

Gypsum Paint

Gypsum

Gypsum Paint

Cellulose Gypsum

NA Gypsum

Paint

Clay Sand

CaCO3

Sand

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis.

QuanTEM is a NVLAP accredited Testing PLM laboratory (Lab Code: 101959-0). This report relates only to the specific items tested. NVLAP accreditation applies only to analysis performed utilizing EPA—40 CFR Appendix E to Subpart E of Part 763 and EPA/600/R-93/116 methods. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. This report may not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.



2033 HERITAGE PARK DR, OKLAHOMA CITY, OK 73120 1.800.822.1650

Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 369446

Account Number:

C162

Date Received:

05/31/2024

Received By:

Courtney Holman

Date Analyzed: Analyzed By:

Methodology:

QuanTEM

06/03/2024

Benjamin Hill

EPA/600/R-93/116

Sample ID Sample ID

Client

Composition

Description

Color /

Asbestos (%)

Project: Alan Smith

Project Location: Parkhill

Project Number: N/A

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Chris Cochran PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Non-Asbestos Non Fibrous

Fiber (%)

Benjamin Hill

Benjamin Hill, Assistant Laboratory Manager

6/3/2024

Date of Report

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis.



ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY

2033 Heritage Park Drive, Oklahoma City, OK 73120-7502

-	
o l	
Page	

	2021-021C (A) (A) CECE 32C (A) (A) (A) CCC (A) (A)	בררך שוויטוושויטן ישוו	200-325 305	For Lab Use Only
	(600) 622-1050 • (405) 755-7272 • Fax: (405) 755-2058	(P) 177-507 (C)	: (405) /33-2038	13h No 21. 9 UUC.
www.QuanTEM.com	LEGAL DOCUMENT - PLEASE PRINT LEGIBLY	NT - PLEASE P	RINT LEGIBLY	Accept Reject
Contact Information			Project Information	Report Results (☑ one box)
Company: Cherokee Nation	Phone: (918) 453-5009	O9 Project Name:	Alan Smith	QuanTEM Website
Contact: Christopher Cochran	Cell Phone: (918) 316-7452	52 Project Location:	Parkhill	7 Email Onstopher-cochan@chorokee.org
Account #: C162	E-mail: Christopher-cochan@cherokee.org Project ID:	e.org Project ID:		Other
SAMPLED BY: Name: Christopher Cochran	Date: 5/29/2024	P.O. Number: 874812	874812	
RELINQUISHED BY	DATE & TIME	VIA	RECEIVED BY	DATE & TIME
Chris Cochran	5/29/2024	redex	Dam HO	5/31/24@920

REQUESTED SERVICES (Please ☑ the Appropriate Boxes)

	PLM			PLM	TEM		TEM		TUR	TURNAROUND TIME
>	Bulk Analysis (EPA 600/R-93/116)	(911/	Vermic	Vermiculite Attic Insulation	Air- AHERA		Bulk- Presence / Absence EPA600/R-93/116	EPA600/R-93/116		Rush
	400 Point Count		J C	Orher	Air- NIOSH 7402		Bulk- Quantitative [weight%]- Chatfield	%]- Chatfield		Same Day
	1000 Point Count				Air- ISO 10312		Dust- Presence / Absence		>	24 - Hour
	Gravimetric Preparation			PCM	Drinking Water- EPA 100.2		Dust- Quantitative [fibers/sq.cm]- ASTM D5755	sq.cm)- ASTM DS755		3 - Day
	Particle ID		NIOSH 7400	7400	Waste Water- EPA 600/4-83-043		Other			5 - Day
No.	Sample ID (10 Characters Max)	☑ To Be Analyzed		Color	Description		Volume / Area (as applicable)	Comments / Notes	s / Nc	otes
	01-01-01-07	>	>	White Wa	Wall Texture/ Joint Wall Compound	pu	Through Out			
	02-01	>	>	White	Shower Tile		Bathroom			
10					4					

SATURDAY FEDEX SAMPLE DELIVERY - CALL TO SCHEDULE • Use this address for Saturday Delivery only: 4220 N. Santa Fe Ave., Oklahoma City, OK 73105-8517 • Mark Package "Hold for Saturday Pickup" Please Note - UPS and USPS are NOT available for Saturday Delivery