CHEROKEE NATION Environmental Programs



Asbestos Sampling Report

SITE: Farar, Janus			
PREPARED BY: _	Tyler Morre	_DATE:_	6/14/2024
TV	VIED MOODE FAILURONIMENTAL OPERIALIST		

REQUESTED BY: Housing Authority of the Cherokee Nation

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I. Site Inspection/Description

Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs (CNEP) has conducted asbestos sampling for the presence of asbestos containing materials (ACM) for the following site:

Janus Farar 918-931-7995 19321 S. 575 Rd. Tahlequah, OK 74464 Coordinates: 35.89328, 94.87313

The sampling was performed to determine the presence of all ACM from within the affected parts of the structure for EPA's National Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) compliance as well as OSHA worker protection.

The inspector responsible for this project was:

Tyler Moore EPA AHERA Inspector

The sampling was conducted on June 7th, 2024, at the request of the Housing Authority of the Cherokee Nation.

The site is a single-family residential structure built in 1940. Sampling was limited to areas that would be affected by the project scope of work (Appendix A) provided by the Housing Authority of the Cherokee Nation.

ACM was found at this site. See Section IV for locations.

II. BACKGROUND

The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) has adopted EPA's NESHAP regulation under OAC252:100, 41-15 and has been delegated authority in the state of Oklahoma for its enforcement. Section 61.145(a) of Federal EPA regulation states that prior to commencement of the demolition or renovation of a facility a thorough inspection of the affected part or parts of a facility is required to determine the presence of all asbestos including Category I and Category II non-friable, and friable ACM. ACM is defined by EPA and OSHA as any material that contains greater than 1% asbestos.

III. FIELD PROCEDURES AND ANALYTICAL METHODS

During the on-site inspection, we visually assessed the physical characteristics of suspect asbestos-containing materials (SACM) based on homogeneous areas. Homogeneous areas are areas of asbestos similar in color, texture, and construction, date of application, and in general appearance. For purposes of renovation and demolition, homogeneous areas of SACM can be further classified according to NESHAPs rules by whether the material is friable, Category I non-friable, or Category II non-friable.

<u>Friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM), that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

<u>Category I Non-friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any asbestos-containing packings, gaskets, construction mastics, resilient floor covering (i.e. floor tiles, roll sheet flooring) or asphalt roofing products that contain more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM.

<u>Category II Non-friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Typically, non-friable materials, such as transite (cementious products) and vinyl floor tiles are not regulated by the State of Oklahoma provided they do not become friable. General deterioration, machine grinding, drilling, sanding, and dry-buffing are all ways of causing non-friable materials to become classified as Regulated Asbestos Containing Materials (RACM). All friable materials are classified RACM. Please note that the following materials, even though classified as non-friable are fully regulated by Oklahoma Department of Labor for removal purposes as friable material: ceiling tiles, roll sheet flooring (linoleum), and joint wall compound when deemed friable.

In addition to classification of suspect material into friable and non-friable materials, a determination of current condition was conducted as part of the physical assessment. The condition noted is the representative of the material at the time of inspection. Conditions of materials can change very quickly when disturbed. All suspect material was placed in one of the following categories of condition.

Significantly damaged: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained over at least 10% of its total area.

<u>Damaged</u>: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained less than 10% of its total area.

Good: Material that has no visible damage or deterioration.

Guidelines used for the number of samples collected per homogeneous area were determined using the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) protocol promulgated in 40 CFR 763, Appendix E as follows:

Surfacing materials – material that is sprayed or troweled on wall, ceilings, or support columns for fireproofing, acoustical, or even decorative purpose.

- Less than 1000 ft2 Minimum 3 samples
- From 1000-5000 ft2 Minimum 5 samples
- Greater than 5000 ft2 Minimum 7 samples

Thermal System Insulation (TSI) materials – thermal system insulation material applied to tanks, boiler, pipes or other structural component for an insulating purpose.

- May omit areas of fibrous glass, foam glass, rubber, and Styrofoam form sampling. Areas that have mastic on seams or outer jacketing will be sampled.
- At least three samples must be collected from each homogeneous area of TSI.
- Plus an additional sample from each patched area of less than 6 linear feet.
- Fittings require a sufficient amount to determine positive or negative nature.
- Inspector will first collect samples from damaged areas, exposed ends, or areas missing jacketing first.

Miscellaneous materials – all other material that are not thermal system insulation or surfacing materials. This includes gaskets, packings, joint wall compound, cementious asbestos materials, ceiling tiles resilient flooring materials, construction mastics, etc..

- May assume and document as such
- A sufficient amount of samples to determine negative or positive nature. A minimum or one per suspect homogeneous area.
- Collect samples from inconspicuous locations.
- Material such as cementious asbestos or vibration dampening cloths should not be sampled and will be assumed ACM unless instructed by client to collect these samples.

Bulk samples of suspect ACM were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Methods 600R-93/116. All samples were sent to a NVLAP accredited laboratory for analysis. QuanTEM Laboratories, LLC (NVLAP # 101959-0) in Oklahoma City, OK analyzed the samples. A copy of the full laboratory report and chain of custody can be found in Appendix B.

IV. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A total of 8 samples were analyzed from 8 homogeneous areas due to multi-layers of material within some homogeneous sample areas. All accessible and observable areas within the renovation area were sampled for ACM. Samples were not taken of suspect materials that may have placed the inspector at risk of injury (i.e. electrical panel boxes). Any suspect ACM that has not been tested and/or found positive for asbestos must be assumed ACM until they are analyzed. Upon review of laboratory analysis, the following asbestos containing materials can be found in Table 1. All suspect ACM samples that were analyzed and did not contain asbestos can be found in Table 2.

Table 1	. Asbestos Containing Mate	rials			
Sample #	Material Description	Locations	Friability (Friable, NF Cat I NF Cat II)	Condition	Sample Results (% Asbestos)
01-01	Drywall Joint Compound	Throughout	Friable	Damaged	3% Chrysotile

Sample #	Material Description	Locations	Condition	Sample Results (% Asbestos)
02-01	White Ceramic Wall Tile	Bathroom 1	Damaged	Asbestos not Present
03-01	Tan Roll Sheet Vinyl Floor	Bathroom 1	Damaged	Asbestos not Present
04-01	Green Ceramic Tile	Bathroom 2	Damaged	Asbestos not Present
05-01	Tan/Gray Roll Sheet Vinyl Floor	Bathroom 2	Damaged	Asbestos not Present
06-01	Brown Shingle	Roof	Damaged	Asbestos not Present
07-01	White Ceramic Floor Tile	Entry	Damaged	Asbestos not Present
08-01	Mortar	Foundation	Damaged	Asbestos not Present

V. CONCLUSIONS

Asbestos is not always an immediate hazard. Intact and undisturbed ACM does not pose a health risk. They may, however become a health hazard if they are damaged, disturbed, or deteriorate over time and release fibers into the air. There are no federal, state, or Tribal laws mandating asbestos removal. It is only when the material can no longer be maintained in good condition and/or airborne concentrations of asbestos are measured and found to be above a permissible exposure limit (PEL), or when the building is to be demolished or renovated, that removal may become necessary. Any renovation/demolition work which may impact these positive materials should be conducted in accordance with all applicable Federal, state, and local regulations.



2033 HERITAGE PARK DR, OKLAHOMA CITY, OK 73120 1.800.822.1650

Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 369726

Account Number:

C162

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs Tyler Moore

Date Received:

06/10/2024

Received By:

Baylie Longstreth

Date Analyzed: Analyzed By:

Methodology:

06/12/2024

Benjamin Hill

EPA/600/R-93/116

Project: Janus Farar

Project Location: Tahlequah, OK

Project Number: N/A

QuanTEM Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Composition	Color / Description	Asbestos (%)	Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)	Non Fibrous
001	01-01	Homogeneous	White Joint Compound	Asbestos Present Chrysotile 3	NA	CaCO3
002	02-01	Layered	White Ceramic Tile	Asbestos Not Present	NA	Clay Sand
002a		Layered	White Adhesive	Asbestos Not Present	NA	CaCO3 Binder
003	03-01	Layered	Tan Sheet Vinyl	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose 10 Synthetic 5	
003a		Layered	Yellow Mastic	Asbestos Not Present	NA	Glue
004	04-01	Layered	Green Ceramic Tile	Asbestos Not Present	NA	Clay Sand
004a		Layered	White Grout	Asbestos Not Present	NA	CaCO3 Sand

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis.

QuanTEM is a NVLAP accredited Testing PLM laboratory (Lab Code: 101959-0). This report relates only to the specific items tested. NVLAP accreditation applies only to analysis performed utilizing EPA—40 CFR Appendix E to Subpart E of Part 763 and EPA/600/R-93/116 methods. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. This report may not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.



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Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No.

369726

Account Number:

C162

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Tyler Moore

Date Received:

06/10/2024

Received By:

Baylie Longstreth

Date Analyzed:

06/12/2024

Analyzed By: Methodology:

Benjamin Hill

EPA/600/R-93/116

Project: Janus Farar

Project Location: Tahlequah, OK

Project Number: N/A

QuanTEM Client Color / Non-Asbestos Non Fibrous Sample ID Sample ID Composition Description Asbestos (%) Fiber (%) 004b Layered Tan Asbestos Not Present NA Glue Mastic 005 05-01 Layered Tan/Gray Asbestos Not Present Cellulose 10 Vinyl CaCO3 Sheet Vinyl Glass Fiber 5 005a Layered Tan Asbestos Not Present NA Glue Mastic 006 06-01 Layered Brown Asbestos Not Present Glass Fiber 25 Tar Sand Shingle 006a Layered Brown/Black Asbestos Not Present Glass Fiber 25 Tar Sand Shingle 006b Layered Black Asbestos Not Present Glass Fiber 25 Tar Shingle Sand

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2033 HERITAGE PARK DR, OKLAHOMA CITY, OK 73120 1.800.822.1650

Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No.

369726

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Account Number:

C162

Client

Sample ID

07-01

Tyler Moore

Date Received:

06/10/2024

Received By:

Baylie Longstreth

Date Analyzed:

06/12/2024

Benjamin Hill

Project: Janus Farar

Analyzed By:

Project Location: Tahlequah, OK

Asbestos Not Present

Asbestos Not Present

Methodology:

QuanTEM

Sample ID

EPA/600/R-93/116

Project Number: N/A

Non-Asbestos Asbestos (%)

Non Fibrous

007a

007

Layered

Fiber (%)

NA

NA

CaCO3 Sand

Clay Sand

007b Layered

White Mastic

Color /

Description

White

Ceramic Tile

Gray

Grout

Asbestos Not Present

NA

CaCO3 Glue

008

08-01

Homogeneous

Composition

Layered

Gray Mortar Asbestos Not Present

NA

CaCO3 Sand

Benjamin Hill

Benjamin Hill, Assistant Laboratory Manager

6/12/2024

Date of Report

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis.



ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY

2033 Heritage Park Drive, Oklahoma City, OK 73120-7502 (800) 822-1650 • (405) 755-7272 • Fax: (405) 755-2058

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For Lab Use Only

		Conta	Contact Information				Pre	Project Information	Re	eport Re	Report Results (☑ one box)
Com	Company: Cherokee Nation	Environ	Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs	Phone: (918) 4	(918) 453-7607	Project Name:	Janus Farar	Farar		Ona	QuanTEM Website
Contact:	act: Tyler Moore			Cell Phone: (918) 7	(918) 772-8709	Project Location:	Tahlec	Tahlequah, OK			Email Wer-moore@cherokee.org
Acco	Account #: C 162			E-mail: tyler-moore@cherokee.org	cherokee.org	Project ID:] Other.	er
SAN	SAMPLED BY: Name: Tyler Moore	Moore		Date: 6/7/2024		P.O. Number:	874812	2			
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>	Bulk Analysis (EPA 600/R-93/116)	(116)	Vermiculite Attic Insulation	lation	Air- AHERA			Bulk- Presence / Absence EPA600/R-93/116	600/R-93/116		Rush
	400 Point Count		(EPA 600/R-04/004)		Air- NIOSH 7402	6:		Bulk- Quantitative [weight%]- Chatfield	Chatfield		Same Day
	1000 Point Count		Jone		Air- ISO 10312			Dust- Presence / Absence			24 - Hour
	Gravimetric Preparation		PCM		Drinking Water- EPA 100.2	EPA 100.2		Dust- Quantitative [fibers/sq.cm]- ASTM D5755	cm]- ASTM D5755	>	3 - Day
	Particle ID		NIOSH 7400		Waste Water- EPA 600/4-83-043	A 600/4-83-043		Other			5 - Day
No.	Sample ID (10 Characters Max)	☑ To Be Analyzed	Color		Description	tion		Volume / Area (as applicable)	Comments / Notes	ents / ľ	Votes
-	10-10	Þ	white	Drywall Thronghout	Throng	hout					
7	02-01	回	white	Bathroon	aroom I wall tile	11+16					
m	10-20	र्व	Tan	Bathroom 1 Vmy/ 151000	m / Vm	y/ 15/000					
4	10-170	<u>j</u>	Green	Bathroom 2 wail tile	n 2 wa	11 +12					
2	10-50	7	Ruck	Bathres	らない	ny / Roll	Fle	<i>y</i>			
9	10-90	2	Black	Roof Shi	nale	shingle					
7	10-60	4	White	Eutry Door Lite	or tile						
80	10-80	<u>)</u>	Ster.	Mortar for Fondation	or Fond	(Ltion					

SATURDAY FEDEX SAMPLE DELIVERY - CALL TO SCHEDULE • Use this address for Saturday Delivery only: 4220 N. Santa Fe Ave., Oklahoma City, OK 73105-8517 • Mark Package "Hold for Saturday Pickup"

Please Note - UPS and USPS are NOT available for Saturday Delivery

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