CHEROKEE NATION Environmental Programs



Asbestos Sampling Report

PARTICIPANT: REECE, RITA

PREPARED BY: Logan Girty DATE: 7/26/2024

LOGAN GIRTY. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALIST III

REQUESTED BY: HACN HOUSING REHABILITATION (HUD) -

GEORGE HUBBARD

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I. Site Inspection/Description

Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs (CNEP) has conducted asbestos sampling for the presence of asbestos containing materials (ACM) for the following site:

Rita Reece 36168 S 700 Rd, Jay, OK 74346 918-837-1892 Coordinates: 36.4939 / -94.6295

The sampling was performed to determine the presence of all ACM from within the affected parts of the structure for EPA's National Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) compliance as well as OSHA worker protection.

The inspector responsible for this project was:

Logan Girty, AHERA Inspector

The sampling was conducted on July 18, 2024 at the request of the Cherokee Nation Housing Rehabilitation Department.

The site is a single family home built in 1930. Sampling was limited to areas that would be affected by the project scope of work (Appendix A) provided by the housing rehabilitation department.

ACM was found at this site. See Section IV for locations.

II. BACKGROUND

The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) has adopted EPA's NESHAP regulation under OAC252:100, 41-15 and has been delegated authority in the state of Oklahoma for its enforcement. Section 61.145(a) of Federal EPA regulation states that prior to commencement of the demolition or renovation of a facility a thorough inspection of the affected part or parts of a facility is required to determine the presence of all asbestos including Category I and Category II non-friable, and friable ACM. ACM is defined by EPA and OSHA as any material that contains greater than 1% asbestos.

III. FIELD PROCEDURES AND ANALYTICAL METHODS

During the on-site inspection, we visually assessed the physical characteristics of suspect asbestos-containing materials (SACM) based on homogeneous areas. Homogeneous areas are areas of asbestos similar in color, texture, and construction, date of application, and in general

appearance. For purposes of renovation and demolition, homogeneous areas of SACM can be further classified according to NESHAPs rules by whether the material is friable, Category I non-friable, or Category II non-friable.

<u>Friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM), that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

<u>Category I Non-friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any asbestos-containing packings, gaskets, construction mastics, resilient floor covering (i.e. floor tiles, roll sheet flooring) or asphalt roofing products that contain more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM.

<u>Category II Non-friable ACM</u> is defined by NESHAPs rules as any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than 1% asbestos as determined by PLM, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Typically, non-friable materials, such as transite (cementious products) and vinyl floor tiles are not regulated by the State of Oklahoma provided they do not become friable. General deterioration, machine grinding, drilling, sanding, and dry-buffing are all ways of causing non-friable materials to become classified as Regulated Asbestos Containing Materials (RACM). All friable materials are classified RACM. Please note that the following materials, even though classified as non-friable are fully regulated by Oklahoma Department of Labor for removal purposes as friable material: ceiling tiles, roll sheet flooring (linoleum), and joint wall compound when deemed friable

In addition to classification of suspect material into friable and non-friable materials, a determination of current condition was conducted as part of the physical assessment. The condition noted is the representative of the material at the time of inspection. Conditions of materials can change very quickly when disturbed. All suspect material was placed in one of the following categories of condition.

<u>Significantly damaged</u>: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained over at least 10% of its total area.

<u>Damaged</u>: Material that is damaged, blistered, deteriorated, water stained less than 10% of its total area.

<u>Good</u>: Material that has no visible damage or deterioration.

Guidelines used for the number of samples collected per homogeneous area were determined using the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) protocol promulgated in 40 CFR 763, Appendix E as follows:

Surfacing materials – material that is sprayed or troweled on wall, ceilings, or support columns for fireproofing, acoustical, or even decorative purpose.

- Less than 1000 ft2 Minimum 3 samples
- From 1000-5000 ft2 Minimum 5 samples
- Greater than 5000 ft2 Minimum 7 samples

Thermal System Insulation (TSI) materials – thermal system insulation material applied to tanks, boiler, pipes or other structural component for an insulating purpose.

- May omit areas of fibrous glass, foam glass, rubber, and Styrofoam form sampling. Areas that have mastic on seams or outer jacketing will be sampled.
- At least three samples must be collected from each homogeneous area of TSI.
- Plus an additional sample from each patched area of less than 6 linear feet.
- Fittings require a sufficient amount to determine positive or negative nature.
- Inspector will first collect samples from damaged areas, exposed ends, or areas missing jacketing first.

Miscellaneous materials – all other material that are not thermal system insulation or surfacing materials. This includes gaskets, packings, joint wall compound, cementious asbestos materials, ceiling tiles resilient flooring materials, construction mastics, etc..

- May assume and document as such
- A sufficient amount of samples to determine negative or positive nature. A minimum or one per suspect homogeneous area.
- Collect samples from inconspicuous locations.
- Material such as cementious asbestos or vibration dampening cloths should not be sampled and will be assumed ACM unless instructed by client to collect these samples.

Bulk samples of suspect ACM were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Methods 600R-93/116. All samples were sent to a NVLAP accredited laboratory for analysis. QuanTEM Laboratories, LLC (NVLAP # 101959-0) in Oklahoma City, OK analyzed the samples. A copy of the full laboratory report and chain of custody can be found in Appendix B.

IV. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A total of 9 samples were analyzed from 5 homogeneous areas due to multi-layers of material within some homogeneous sample areas. All accessible and observable areas within the renovation area were sampled for ACM. Samples were not taken of suspect materials that may have placed the inspector at risk of injury (i.e. electrical panel boxes). Any suspect ACM that have not been tested and/or found positive for asbestos must be assumed ACM until they are analyzed. Upon review of laboratory analysis, the following asbestos containing materials can be found in Table 1. All suspect ACM samples that were analyzed and did not contain asbestos can be found in Table 2.

Sample #	Material Description	Locations	Friability (Friable, NF Cat I NF Cat II)	Condition	Sample Results (% Asbestos)	
03-01	Roll Sheet Flooring	Bathroom 1	NF Cat I	Damaged	15% Chrysotile	

Sample			C IV	Sample Results (% Asbestos)			
#	Material Description	Locations	Condition				
01-01	D 11 G 11: T	I inius Dus	Damagad	None Detected			
Thru 01-03	Drywall Ceiling Texture	Living Rm	Damaged	None Detected			
02-01	Description of the second	Bathroom 1	Damaged	None Detected			
Thru 02-03	Drywall Texture	Batillooni 1	Damaged	None Detected			
04-01	Vinyl Roll Sheet Flooring	Kitchen	Damaged	None Detected			
05-01	Shingle	Roof	Damaged	None Detected			

V. CONCLUSIONS

Asbestos is not always an immediate hazard. Intact and undisturbed ACM does not pose a health risk. They may, however become a health hazard if they are damaged, disturbed, or deteriorate over time and release fibers into the air. There are no federal, state, or Tribal laws mandating asbestos removal. It is only when the material can no longer be maintained in good condition and/or airborne concentrations of asbestos are measured and found to be above a permissible exposure limit (PEL), or when the building is to be demolished or renovated, that removal may become necessary. Any renovation/demolition work which may impact these positive materials should be conducted in accordance with all applicable Federal, state, and local regulations.



2033 HERITAGE PARK DR, OKLAHOMA CITY, OK 73120 1.800.822.1650

Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 370991

C162

Account Number:

07/22/2024

Date Received: Received By:

Eric Caves

Date Analyzed:

07/24/2024

Analyzed By:

Benjamin Hill

Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Logan Girty

PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project: Rita Reece

Project Location: Jay

Project Number: N/A

Methodology: EPA/600/R-93/116 QuanTEM Client Non Fibrous Color / Non-Asbestos Sample ID Sample ID Composition Description Asbestos (%) Fiber (%) 001 01-01 White Cellulose Layered Asbestos Not Present 5 CaCO3 Foam Ceiling Texture Paint 001a Layered White Asbestos Not Present Cellulose 10 Gypsum Drywall 002 01-02 Homogeneous White Asbestos Not Present Cellulose CaCO3 Foam Ceiling Texture Paint 003 01-03 Homogeneous White Asbestos Not Present Cellulose CaCO3 Foam Ceiling Texture Paint 004 02-01 Layered White Asbestos Not Present NA CaCO3 Paint Texture 004a Layered White Asbestos Not Present Cellulose Gypsum

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis.

Drywall

QuanTEM is a NVLAP accredited Testing PLM laboratory (Lab Code: 101959-0). This report relates only to the specific items tested. NVLAP accreditation applies only to analysis performed utilizing EPA-40 CFR Appendix E to Subpart E of Part 763 and EPA/600/R-93/116 methods. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. This report may not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.



2033 HERITAGE PARK DR, OKLAHOMA CITY, OK 73120 1.800.822.1650

Polarized Light Microscopy Asbestos Analysis Report

QuanTEM Lab No. 370991

Account Number:

C162

Date Received:

07/22/2024

Received By:

Eric Caves

Date Analyzed: Analyzed By:

07/24/2024

Methodology:

Benjamin Hill

EPA/600/R-93/116

Client: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs

Logan Girty

PO Box 948

Tahlequah, OK 74464

Project: Rita Reece

Project Location: Jay Project Number: N/A

			3	14/1				
QuanTEM Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Composition	Color / Description	Asbestos (%)	Non-Asbestos Fiber (%)	Non Fibrous		
005	02-02	Homogeneous	White Texture	Asbestos Not Present	NA	CaCO3 Paint		
006	02-03	Layered	White Texture	Asbestos Not Present	NA	CaCO3 Paint		
006a		Layered	White Drywall	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose 10) Gypsum		
007	03-01	Homogeneous	White/Blue Sheet Vinyl	Asbestos Present Chrysotile 15	Cellulose 5	5 Vinyl CaCO3		
008	04-01	Homogeneous	Tan Sheet Vinyl	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose 10	Vinyl CaCO3		
009	05-01	Homogeneous	Black/White Shingle	Asbestos Not Present	Cellulose 40	Tar Sand		

Benjamin Hill

Benjamin Hill, Assistant Laboratory Manager

7/24/2024

Date of Report

Unless otherwise noted, upon receipt the condition of the sample was acceptable for analysis.

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ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY

of

Page 1

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LABORATORIES www.QuanTEM.com	LEGAL DOCUMENT	LEGAL DOCUMENT - PLEASE PRINT LEGIBLY	Lab No. Accept Reject	
Contact Information		Project Information	Report Results (☑ one box)	
Company: Cherokee Nation Environmental Programs Phone:	Phone: (918) 453-6140	Project Name: Rita Reece	QuanTEM Website	
Contact: Logan Girty	Cell Phone: (918) 772-8346	Project Location: Jay	Fmail logan-girty@cherokee.org	
Account #: C 162	E-mail: logan-girty@cherokee.org	Project ID:	Other	
SAMPLED BY: Name: Logan Girty	Date: 7/18/2024	P.O. Number: 874586		
() RELINQUISIPEDBY	DATE & TIME	VIA RECEIVED BY	DATE & TIME	
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	TURNA		Sa	24	3	5	s / Note	Rm	Rm	Rm	om 1	om 1	om 1	om 1	neu	of		
	TEM	EPA600/R-93/116	t%]- Chatfield		'sq.cm]- ASTM D5755		Comments / Notes	Living Rm	Living Rm	Living Rm	Bathroom 1	Bathroom 1	Bathroom 1	Bathroom '	Kitchen	Roof		
REQUESTED SERVICES (Please ☑ the Appropriate Boxes)		Bulk- Presence / Absence EPA600/R-93/116	Bulk-Quantitative [weight%]-Chatfield	Dust- Presence / Absence	- Presence / Absence	Dust- Quantitative [fibers/sq.cm]- ASTM DS755	er	Volume / Area (as applicable)										
		Ball	Bull	SnO	Dus	Other												
	TEM	Air- AHERA	Air- NIOSH 7402	Air- ISO 10312	Drinking Water- EPA 100.2	Waste Water- EPA 600/4-83-043	Description	Drywall Ceiling Texture	Drywall Ceiling Texture	Drywall Ceiling Texture	Drywall Texture	Drywall Texture	Drywall Texture	Roll Sheet Flooring	Vinyl Roll Sheet Flooring	Shingle		
	PLM	Vermiculite Attic Insulation	Other		PCM	NIOSH 7400	Color	Tan	Tan	Tan	Tan	Tan	Tan	White/Blue	Tan	Black/White		
		16)					☑ To Be Analyzed	<u>></u>	>	>	<u>\</u>	>	<u>></u>	>	>	>	С	
	PLM	Bulk Analysis (EPA 600/R-93/116)	400 Point Count	1000 Point Count	Gravimetric Preparation	Particle ID	Sample ID (10 Characters Max) A	01-01	01-02	01-03	02-01	02-02	02-03	03-01	04-01	05-01		
		>					No.	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	

SATURDAY FEDEX SAMPLE DELIVERY - CALL TO SCHEDULE • Use this address for Saturday Delivery only: 4220 N. Santa Fe Ave., Oklahoma City, OK 73105-8517 • Mark Package "Hold for Saturday Pickup" Please Note - UPS and USPS are NOT available for Saturday Delivery